Science Overview - Animals Including Humans	
Year Five	
Summer 1	
Key Question: Is there anywhere left to explore?	
National Curriculum	
describe the changes as humans develop to old age	
<ul> <li>SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE</li> <li>Name the key stages of the human life cycle from fertilisation to late adulthood.</li> <li>Describe each stage of the human life cycle.</li> <li>Understand the role of reproduction in the life cycle.</li> <li>Understand the effects of puberty on the male and female bodies.</li> <li>Key Vocabulary:         <ul> <li>fertilisation, prenatal, gestation, reproduce, asexual reproduction, sexual reproduction, life cycle, adolescence, puberty, menstruation, adulthood, life expectancy</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Previous year groups key vocabulary:	digest, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, rectum, herbivore, carnivore, omnivore, producer, predator, prey
Disciplinary Concepts	<ul> <li>reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and a degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as</li> </ul>

displays and other presentations

Pattern seeking (enquiry type)

bids, reptiles, amphibians and insects.Describe an animal life cycle in detail.

I can...

**Enquiry type to** 

suggestion

/Assessment

cover and enquiry

**Learning Milestones** 

Research using secondary sources (enquiry type)

Why do people get grey/ white hair as they get older?

• Explain the features of sexual and asexual reproduction.

• Name some of the parts involved in plant reproduction.

• Identify the similarities and differences between mammals, fish,

Are the oldest children in our school the tallest?